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#### HOMESTEADING AND LABOR TROUBLES FIGURE IN HEARING THIS WEEK BEFORE SECRETARY FISHER

To Arrest Witnesses Were Issued

[Below is printed some of the inter. esting testimony during the Fisher hearings this week.]

Fisher: Mr. Ashford, I believe we have arranged to have the Covernor take up this time the more specific items in the complaint in regard to the Governor. Before doing that, perhaps we ought to dispose of any other matters which you have. Is there anything?

Ashford: There are some matters. I should like to ask you-i would like to produce now, among others, a letter from Mr. R. Lougher, who is one of the gentlemen who talked to us at Hilo and is himself a planter, a letter from myself and certain statements of argument in regard to the proportion that should be allowed between planter and mill, backed up by some tables and figures. I have shown them to the Governor and if they consent I understand that they

may be placed on the record. Fisher: What is the substancewhat does Mr. Lougher think should properly be the proportion between planter and mill.

Ashford: The statement is quite short; perhaps I might read it. (Reads statement). He does not refer to his figures there, although he does in his letter to me. I notice that the item is profit on planter's sugar per ton, \$50.81.

Fisher: That is per ton of sugar? Ashford: Per ton. Mr. Fisher: That is, upon what theory of division?

Ashford: The theory of the prices hat are generally prevailing now.

Ashford: Well, yes, it is on four hereby he shows that their prospec tus proposes to pay the planters 60 per cent. for their cane and the milling company take only 40.

Mr. Fisher: In that connection, Mr. Olson, I would like to have perhaps some further testimony from Mr. Can we arrange that a little later?

Mr. Olson: Yes. Mr. Fisher: I would like to get his views on the form and terms of contract and also in regard to the immigration statutes. And Mr. Starrett, the marketing superintendent, is he

Mr. Olson: Yes. Mr. Fisher: Was there anything else, Mr. Ashford.

Ashford: Yes, Mr. Secretary, but with regard to this (showing letter). Fisher: Yes, let that be; let that

Ashford: I don't know whether you would care to have files-perhaps you may care to see photographs of the residences of the members of the Thompson Settlement Association, near Waiohinu.

Fisher: Very well. Ashford: I undertook, as I remember, to produce a certain letter written by Mr. Wolters, manager of the Hutchinson plantation at Naalehu, offering to buy the lands of the homesteaders there. I have the original here, together with a certified copy of it and of the reply. If the certified copy is accepted I would like very much to withdraw the original. Fisher: I see no reason why that

should not be done. Ashford: I have also copies of letters from two members of the association, Mr. Hayselden and Miss Taythe last term of the Legislature while

on the ground?

Ashford: Yes.. Fisher: Very well.

September 23. (Reads.)

some matters that I would like to in- gallons, that would be a pretty good quire about from the Attorney Gen- bargain, and the case was settled. eral before the Governor takes the Fisher: Now, Governor, there was matter of the second safe, the owner factory to you, I would like to ask the changed for this land in the town- opened with his acquiesence. I learn-

rely upon the statement of the Gov- has referred to? ernor himself except insofar as in his Governor: I have no recollection iv and gave orders that nothing-that statement he might raise some ques- whatever of it. PARCEL DELIVERY tion of accuracy which he might wish to change. Now as to the attorney ment is now made that they had no first consulting either the Attorney to change. Now as to the attorney ment is now made that they had no first consulting either the Attorney general, there was a matter that I connection-how are they situated General or myself. Mr. Kinney took was going to ask him about myself. physically? then again take up the other matter three miles apart.

> which you referred to. Mr. Lindsay, your full name is? Lindsay: Alexander Lindsay, Jr. general of the territory? Lindsay: Yes.

Attorney General? Lindsay: About two years and a water. half.

Lindsay Tells How Warrants Fisher: And when you came into of- want to ask Mr. Lindsay any question pending with regard to the water

> Lindsay: Wailuku. Fisher: Walluku. That ligitation, anese strike. we were told the other day, had been settled by you. Now there has also been an exchange made of certain property to the plantation located in sor in office, Mr. Lindsay? the town for certain property of the government outside of the town. The each other. Was that correct?

Lindsay: I have never heard tell of that exchange until yesterday. Fisher: It had nothing to do with the other?

Lindsay: Absolutely nothing. what the situation was with regard Hemenway: Without it. to this litigation there- why you

settled it and-Lindsay: When I came into of waii or Maui. fice, I found that there had been an Ashford: Did he return to town injunction-a bill for injunction-during the time that those gentlemen brought by the Wailuku Sugar Coin- were acting in that capacity? pany against the Territory and the County of Maui, in which it was complained that we were diverting a with the fact? great deal more water than our share from the Wailuku stream. The facts it incidentally. were that some years ago, the Territory had bought a small piece of land, think it was about an acre and a guarter, up in Iao Valley. Of this acre

land from the Wailuku Plantation and pose of securing evidence for the built a reservoir and laid a pipe line prosecution? and started to take water and laid ' Fisher: Well that is \$4 a ton for complaint went on to state that we from me as deputies attorney general. took a little more and a little more cane on four cent sugar—that is the basis on which he figures his profit taking a great deal more than we in that general enterprise. were entitled to. About eight years cent sugar. He also quotes here from before that, that would be about 10 ing and were looking naturally for the prospectus of the San Carlos Mill- years now, the pipe line had burst at evidence. I have good reason to being Company. That is a Philippine the intake and without leave of any. lieve that they did not break open any corporation—that is, a Hawaiian corporation—that is, a Hawahan cor-poration operating in the Philippines, where we had no right. Before i came into office, there had been a great many preliminaries, and just the week I came into office, Mr. Pogue, who is chairman of the Board of Supervisors, and Mr. Bal, Superin whereas another one they found the tendent of Wailuku. Water Works, lock was not shut, and they opened they came down and together with Mr. Kinney, who was representing the Wailuku Sugar Company and Mr. Coke, James L., an attorney-he at that thime was County Attorney for Maui-and by the way the County was really the party interested in this whole case; it was not so much the iff. Territory as the County of Mauithey came down and after a lot of talks suggested that we compromise. They went back to Maui and figured up how much we really were entitled those gentlemen? to. In fact, all we were entitled to was the water from that three-quarters of an acre and water to two or did that series of acts occur? three lots, like the court house lot and the old church lot, but there right. ing it to them through our pipes in erty and papers to te parties? lieu of delivering it to them in the Hemenway: I might say that the open auwais. Anyway, with the plan- administration strongly disapproved of tation and Mr. Pogue, who knows the the methods which were followed, but situation from the ground up, it was they did not return many of the pafinally agreed-I should say before pers this that after the suit, (the injunc- Ashford: And the administration, tion bill) had been commenced, the of which you were at the head, namecounty people, Bal and Mr. Pogue, ly the legal administration, went commenced buying or leasing from ahead and used that evidence for the the kuleana holders their water prosecution? rights. Well, it was agreed that the county should turn over all these leases and these water rights to the rant or anything of the kind? Wailuku Sugar Company. We would Hemenway: Not during this period. give the Winluku Sugar Company a lor-written to Senator Hewitt during lease of that little kuleana in Iao were any considerable number of ar-Valley and that thereafter for 25 rests made without warrants about he was here in Honolulu, describing years we were to be allowed to take that same time and of that same the efforts of Mr. Wolters, the plan- 510,000 gallons of water every 24 class? tation manager there, to secure the hours, which as Mr. Pogue informed Hemenway: There were some, Mr. assent of the members to a sale of me would be more than wanted for a Ashford, I do not know how many? long time. He considered it a very | Ashford: Do you know of a system Fisher: That is in general corrols splendid compromise-and Mr. Kin- that was in vogute at that time of oration of the testimony given to us ney, he didn't mind our getting a taking a number of men into custody, good, generous share of the water; looking them in the station house. his fear was that if he did not bring heldingt them for forty-eight hours unthat suit, that by adverse possession der the pretext that the law allows a Ashford: I am holding the original we would have gained that water, man to be held for that long, and then of this letter. I have here, received Besides that 510,000 gallons of water, at the end of that time release him since returning from Hilo, a let'er we also made a list of all those who and then rearrest him? from a gentleman signing himself 1. were entitled to water and who had | Hemenway: I do not know that Malterre, whom I do not know, with previously been taking it through any such system as that was followreference to the Kuliamano home- open ditches, and the Wailuku Sugar ed stead tract in the district of South Company agreed to give us all of! Ashford: Well, you practically gave Hilo, being a part of the land pre- their water, which we would deliver them full swing? viously applied for by the Thompson to them through pipes. Then, if it Hemenway: Yes, I left matters Settlement Association, which has should be necessary any time within very largely to the care of Mr. Kin-

Mrs. Bradley from whom you have a ment allows us to buy all the water prosecution. letter is located. The complaint is we want up to 2,000,000 gallons al Ashford: I think that is all I want addressed to myself under date of day, at the rate of ten dollars a mil- to ask of Mr. ..emenway. lion gallons. Considering that we Now, Mr. Secretary, there were sell water at seven dollars a thousand tioned, was that Mr. W. A. Kinney?

chair as I understand, and, if satis- some land up there that was ex- accompanied the officer and it was Attorney General a few questions. | what land was that, with reference to ed of those facts when I was on Ha-Fisher: I understand that on the this three-quarters of an acre - the vail and was very much put out. As other question of fact you intended to kuleana which the attorney general soon as I returned I ordered an in-

Perhaps you had better cover that and! Governor: I think they are two or ler, and I think he is perfectly ready

Fisher: So that it is perfectly clear matter. that the only land that the govern- Ashford: For whom was Mr. kinment owned was this acre and a quar- ney and Mr. Prosser acting at the Fisher: And you are the attorney ter, of which three-quarters of an acre time? was entitled to water.

Mr. Lindsay: That and a little rot knowso-called planters' association?

I Fisher: Now, Mr. Ashford, do you Governor: I presume so.

Ashford: You were attorney generrights or claims of one of the plan- al during the Japanese strike. Mr Lindsay: No, not during the Jap.

Ashford: You were here?

Ashford: Who was your predeces-Lindsay: Mr. Hemenway

Ashford: I would like to ask Mr statement was made there that the Hemenway- Mr. Hemenway, will two matters had nothing to do with you state whether, during the Japanese strike either you or the governor commissioned Mr. Kinney and Mr. Prosser or either of them as deputies of the attorney general?

Hemenway: I did. Ashford: Was that with or with-Fisher: I wish you would tell us out the sanction of the Governor?

> Ashford: Where was he? Hemenway: I think he was on Ha-

Hemenway: I believe he did. Ashford: Did you acquaint him

Hemenway: I may have mentioned Governor: I learned it before I re-

turned to town. Ashford: During that time can you say whether those deputies of yours and a quarter there was only three were instrumental in procuring the quarters of an acre entitled to water. raiding of private premises and the When the Territory bought this they looking over of private safes and othalso bought another little piece of er depositories of papers for the pur-

Hemenway: They were instrumentpipes, made a little water works sys- al in breaking open the safe, but that tem for the town of Wailuku. The was before they held the commission Ashford: After they held that

Hemenway: They were prosecut-

Ashford: break open?

Hemenway: So far as I know, one. Ashford: Isn't it a fact that they actually broke open one with dynamite or other agency of that kind, that without the necessity of violent

Hemenway: That may be. Ashford: What police officer, if any was along, if you know, at the time, and conducted the proceedings? Hemenway: I think the High Sher-

Ashford: That is, Mr. Wm. Henry? Hemenway: Mr. Henry: Ashford: You understand that he was acting under the instructions of

Hemenway: I believe he was. Ashford: During how long a period Hemenway: About a day and a

were a great many natives and ku- Ashford: Did the administration, leana holders that were entitled to either through yourself or through the water and our claim was that we Covernor, do anyting to discountenwere taking their water but deliver ance those acts and restore the prop-

Ashford: There was no search war-

Ashford: Do you know if there

been recently divided up between ota- the next twenty-five years, if more ney and Mr. Cathcart, Mr. Cathcart ers, and it is in that locality that this water should be necessary, the agree- being directly in charge of the general

Governor: In the testimony-in the vestigation. I disapproved very strongthe High Sheriff should not obey any the entire responsibility of that mat-

to take the entire responsibility in the

Governor: They were acting-I do made application to the Circuit judge the steamer Korea. Fisher: How long have you been courthouse lot about which there was | Ashford: Wasn't it generally un- persons, upon the allegation that they a question as to whether it owned any derstood that they were acting for the were required as witnesses?

Lindsay: 1 did.

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act that the evidence was objected to Lindsay: As I recollect, I think there on the ground of the manner in which were over forty. it was procured?

Hemenway: Yes, I believe so. ment was in possession of evidence cuit judge? showing that a crime had been committed. Do you think the government would be permitted to surrender that

Hemenway: The Governor strongly lot of witnesses to testify before the disapproved. He expressed his opin- grand jury against Craig and another

ion in no uncertain terms. of the so-called labor strike, in the issued but the Federal authorities spring of 1911, were you then Attor- would not allow them to be served nev General?

Lindsay: Yes. for the arrest of a large number of

Ashford: Do you remember the num- | him if they sued for divorce.

Olson: Mr. Hemenway, isn't it a ber of prisoners who were required?

Fisher: Well, suppose the govern- you make that requisition on the Cir-

Lindsay: The way that came about was: Mr. Prosser and Mr. Ballou came to me and told me that they had for nearly a week been trying to get a man for violating our immigrant stat-Ashford: Mr. Lindsay, at the time utes, and that they had had subpoenas over on Quarantine Island, where these men were stationed. They told Ashford: And you personally, in me that these men whom they wanted your capacity as Attorney General, were going away that day, I think, on

> A Los Angeles judge announced that wives who wouldn't cook for husbands couldn't expect alimony from